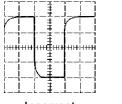
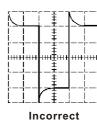
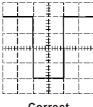
How to adjust the probe compensation

Frequency Compensation

Before taking any measurements using a probe, first check the compensation of the probe and adjust it to match the channel inputs. Most oscilloscopes have a square wave reference signal available at a terminal on the front panel used to compensate the probe. Connect the probe to the signal source on your oscilloscope. Set the probe to 10X position. Adjust trimmer until seeing flat-top square wave on the display.



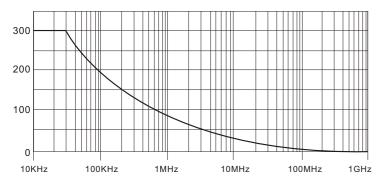




Incorrect

Correct

Voltage vs Frequency Rating Curve



CAT II: IEC Measurement Category II. Inputs may be connected to mains(up to 300 VAC) under Category II overvoltage conditions.

A Review this user manual carefully to avoid injury and prevent damage to this product or any products connected to it. To avoid potential hazards, use this product only as specified.

Probe Characteristics		
Operation Environment	-10~50°C, 0~85%RH	
Storage Environment	-20~60°C, 0~90%RH	
Size of the equipment	1.2m	
Mass of the equipment	57g	
Bandwidth	1X: DC~6MHz 10X: DC~250MHz	
Rise time	1X: 58ns 10X: 1.4ns	
Attenuation Ratio	10:1 or 1:1 Switchable	
Input Resistance	1X: $1M\Omega \pm 2\%$ 10X: $10M\Omega \pm 2\%$	
Input capacitance	1X: 85pF±10pF 10X: 15pF±5pF	
Maximum Input	1X: CAT II 150V AC 10X: CAT II 300V AC	
Compensation Range	10pF~35pF	

	Accessory Kit	
Item	Description	Quantity
1	Probe Tip	1
2	Hook Tip	1
3	Adjustment Tool	1
4	Locating Sleeve	1
5	Marker Rings (green, yellow, blue, and pink)	8
6	Ground Lead	1
7	Ground Spring	1
8	Insulating Cap	1

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156# CaiHe Village, ShaHe Town, ChangPing District, Beijing, China Tel: (86-10)80706688 800-810-0002 Fax: (86-10)80705070 Post Code: 102206 E- mail:service@rigol.com

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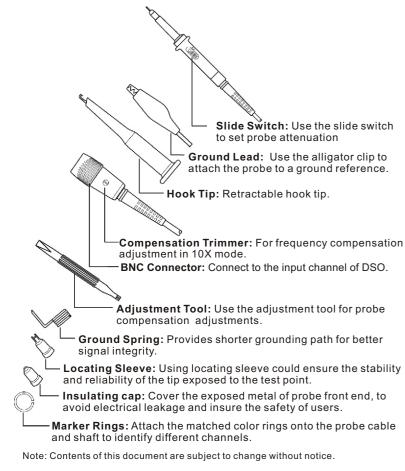
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RP1100 Passive Probe

[■] Equipment protected throughout by DOUBLE INSULATION or REINFORCED INSULATION

Accessories and Features

RP1100 is provided with several accessories designed to make probing and measurement simpler. Please take a moment to familiarize yourself with these accessories and their uses.



Operating Basics

Operating Basics

All probes including active and passive probes have their own service life, which is much shorter than oscilloscopes. Because the probe is connected and disconnected frequently, the material fatigue would make the probe break down. The service life of the probes depends on whether you carefully use it or not.

The following are the causes of the probe malfunctions and useful tips to avoid it:

1, Probe tip break off

Causes of formation:

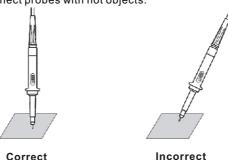
i.Probes fall off or other physical impacts.

ii. High pressure on probes.

iii. Probes are connected with hot objects that make metal tip fade and the plastic part melt down.

Tips:

- To avoid probe tip break off, please do not keep the probe on the test points when it is not in use.
- Do not put high pressure on the probe.
- Do not connect probes with hot objects.



2. Probe wires break off or wire aging:

Causes of formation:

i.The connection part between probes and wires is curl too much.

ii.Probe wires are tightened and twisted.

Tips:

- Hold the probe body and do not curl the connection part between probes and wires too much.
- Do not tighten and twist probe wires.

3. Retractable hook tip break off:

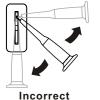
Causes of formation:

i.Probe is shaken hardly after retractable hook tip is connected with tested objects.

Tips:

- Do not shake the probe after retractable hook tip is connected with tested objects.
- Do not keep the retractable hook tip on the tested objects when it is not used.





Correct

4. Ground lead break off or missing:

Causes of formation:

i.Connect or disconnect the ground lead with probe frequently.

ii. Strain the ground lead after alligator clip is connected with the ground reference.

Tips:

- You'd better not separate the ground lead from the probe.
- Do not strain the ground lead after alligator clip is connected with the ground reference.

 A

